

Part 1: Objectives

- To understand the importance of planning ahead.
 To know the important medical and legal documents associated with care planning.
 To become aware of community resources and programs.
 To understand options to pay for care.

Disclosure: I am not an attorney or financial planner/advisor. It is always best to seek legal and financial consultation for due diligence.



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Agenda

Part 1

Welcome Objectives Agenda Why Plan for the Future?

Important Documents Advance Directives Medical Documents

Legal Documents Types of Care Aide Service Adult Day Health Geriatric Care Management Expressive Art Therapists

Part 5 Paying for Care

Ways to Pay Subsidized Community Based Programs

Why Plan for the Future?

- Future care planning is necessary for all adults.
 Neurodegenerative disorders, such as a dementia, can impact a person's decision making over the course of time.

 Allows the person to state their wishes.

 Goal is to be proactive vs. reactive regarding care decisions.



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Part 2: **Important Documents**

In this section, we will discuss:

- In this section, we will discuss:

 Advance Directives

 Health Care Proxy, Living Will, Durable Power of Attorney

 Medical Documents

 DNR, MOLST

 Legal Documents

 Guardianship, Conservatorship



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Advance Directives

- Health Care Proxy
 A chosen representative and alternate(s) to make health and mental health care decisions.

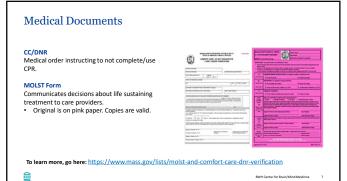
 Most recent, valid document is activated by a medical doctor (most often PCP) when a person has been determined to lack capacity.

 Once invoked, can be reassessed.

Living Will
Communicates health care treatment wishes when a person is no longer able to do so.

- Durable Power of Attorney
 A chosen representative to
 handle financial and legal
 affairs.

 Active from the time of
 signature.



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Guardianship and Conservatorship

- Legal Process where a judge appoints a representative to make decisions on behalf of a person who is legally determined to lack competency.
- iegairy aetermined to lack competency.

 Needed when a person is clinically diagnosed with a condition that leaves them unable to make or communicate decisions affecting their physical health, safety, or self-care and if:

 The health care proxy and/or durable power of attorney documents are not in place,
 Or the person is uncooperative in allowing the HCP and/or DPOA to make decision(s),
 Or with significant family discord.

To learn more, go here: https://www.mass.gov/guardianship-conservatorship-of-incapacitated-persons



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Tips for Important Documents



- Have discussions early and include the person with the neurologic condition.
 Choose someone with whom you trust to be your Advance Directives representative(s).
 Communicate the location and content of the paperwork with appointed representatives.
 You may benefit from avoiding the guardianship process, if possible, by having a valid health care proxy in place.
- For family members/friends, be cautious about making promises that cannot be kept.
 Keep in one secure location and have a copy on file at your primary care doctor's office.
- Review paperwork with regularity.
 Every three to five years, or after a change in health care status.

- To learn more, go here:

 Complimentary HCP and LW forms from BWH https://heath-care-proxies-and-living-wills
 The Conversation Project Hitps://theconversationproject.org
 Five Wishes https://fivewishes.org



Part 3: Types of Care

In this section, we will discuss:

- Adult Day Programs
 Geriatric Care Managers
 Expressive Art Therapists



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Types of Aide Services

Non-Medical Home Care: Often paid for privately and/or through subsidized programming.

- Companionship

 Can include supervision, recreation/activities, errands, transportation

 No Certification/Licensing Required

- Homemaker

 Can include light cleaning, heavy chore, meal prep, laundry, errands, organizing

 No Certification/Licensing Required

- Personal Care

 Additionally, can include bathing, dressing, grooming, toileting, range of motion exercises

 Certification/Licensing Required

Home-Health or Skilled Care: Paid for through Medicare and most often short-term/time-limited following increased medical need (e.g., fall).

Can include wound care, monitoring of health, administration of injections, medication reconciliation, rehabilitation therapies, skilling nursing care

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Adult Day Health Programs (ADH)

Congregate program to provide supports that support adults' emotional, cognitive, and physical wellbeing. Services provided most often during the daytime, Monday-Friday.

- Eligibility
 Age 18+ with a permanent disability
 Live in the community

- Private PayMassHealth

To learn more, go here: https://cbmm.bwh.harvard.edu/index.php/socializing-connecting/

Meals and snacks Nutritional and dietary guidelines Medication Management Counseling and Education
 Transportation to and from ADH

Exercise Personal Care

Geriatric Care Management (GCM)

This health and human services specialist acts as a coach, guide, and advocate for families who are taking care of an older and/or disabled adult. Background of GCM is most often a licensed nurse or social worker, but can also include psychology, mental health, or gerontology. Can be beneficial with complex care need and/or if caregivers live outside of the local area of the care recipient.

- Some health insurances benefits may include a nurse care manager
- · Fee for service

- By the hour or bulk payment.

- To learn more, go here:

 https://www.aarp.org/caregiving/basics/info-2020/geriatric-care-manager.html
 https://cbmm.bwh.harvard.edu/index.php/geriatric-care-manager-services/

Services Includes
 Discuss difficult topics and complex issues

Make home visits and suggest beneficial services
Provide emotional support Create and implement short- and long-term care plans
 Coordinate medical services

Evaluate other living and/or care arrangements
 Problem solve complex behaviors
 On-going evaluation and monitoring of care

related to care

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Expressive Art Therapists

Professionals who use imagery, storytelling, rrotessionals who use imagery, storytelling, dance, music, art, movement, horticulture, and the visual arts to promote human growth, development and healing. The goal is creating good moments, days, and hours.

- · By the hour or bulk payment.

Benefits for Persons with a Neurodegenerative

- · Foster connection
- Improve sense of self-worth and confidence Stimulates the brain through creativity
- Increase caregiver satisfaction
- Accentuates the positives, no "right or wrong"
- Offers a tailored approach for each person Can reduce anxiety and depression
- Can create a sense of purpose and accomplishment

 $\textbf{To learn more, go here:} \underline{\text{https://cbmm.bwh.harvard.edu/index.php/expressive-art-therapists/}}$

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Part 4: Types of Residences

In this section, we will discuss:

- Types of Supported Living Communities
 Independent Living

 - Assisted Living Memory Care Skilled Nursing
 - Continuing Care Retirement Community



Supported Living Communities

- Independent Living (IL)

 Residents must be able to care for themselves, amenities most often include social engagements.

 Assisted Living Facility (ALF)

 For persons who benefit from some support (often 1 hour per day) for personal care or chore service. Amenities can include restaurant style dining, happy hours, and activities both and off site. Some communities offer a kitchenette with some units.

- Memory Care Unit (MCU)
 Include specialized staff and activities for those with a neurodegenerative disorders, increased staff to $resident\ ratio,\ dementia\ specific\ environment/safety\ features\ such\ as\ keypad\ access.$

- resident ratio, dementia specific environment/satery reatures such as keypad access.

 Skilled Nursing/Long Term Care Facility (SNF)

 For people who need 24/7 skilled level of nursing and medical care.

 Continuing Care Retirement Community (CCRC)

 A retirement community that can accommodate all levels of care on one site, moving between levels of care as needs increase or decrease.

To learn more, go here: https://cbmm.bwh.harvard.edu/index.php/supported-living-communities/



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Tips for Choosing a Supported Living Community



- Be proactive, plan ahead
 Visit several communities for comparison
 Take a buddy who has experience in the process (e.g. family member, friend, peer caregiver, social
- worker, geriatric care manager)

 Ask questions relevant to you or your person's known needs or anticipated needed (e.g. medications, supervision)
- Clarify costs that are in addition to base rate (e.g., 1:1 aide requirement) Observe other residents
- For family, thoughtfully consider when to include your person in the shopping process
 Respite stays can serve as a test

To learn more, go here: https://cbmm.bwh.harvard.edu/index.php/supported-living-communities/



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Part 5: Paying for Care

In this section, we will discuss:

- Ways to pay for care Subsidized Community Programs



How to Pay for Los Personal Finances/Self-Pay Savings Personal Annuities	ng-Term Care	Veteran Affairs (VA) Benefits
Trusts Reverse Mortgages Long-term Care Insurance Policies*		
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Long-Term Care Insurance

- Needs to be in place before a diagnosis
- Monthly premiums
 Limited amount of money accrued (think of it like a checking account)

Specific eligibility for activation of LTC Insurance:

- Must be unable to complete two activities of daily living to eligible
 NO minimum age
 NO minimum time between purchasing policy and using benefit
 "Elimination Period": the amount of time you must pay for care privately before LTC benefits kick in (average timeframe is 30-100 days)

LTC Covers:

- In-home care
 Assisted Living Facilities
 Skilled Nursing Facilities

To learn more, call: American Association for Long-Term Care Insurance Hotline – 1-818-597-3227

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MassHealth Standard

- | Must be a resident of MA
 | Income & Asset test
 | A member cannot be enrolled in two state's Medicald plans at once.
 | If applying for MH for long-term care, must meet "medical necessity level of care" (meaning skilled medical service and/or require substantial assistance with activities of daily living).
 | To learn more, go here: https://www.mass.gov/service-details/eligibility-for-people-age-65-and-older-and-people-who-need-long-term-care-services

- Tips in Applying for MassHealth:

 Ask for help

 SHINE Counselors: https://www.mass.gov/service-details/find-a-shine-counselor

 SHINE Counselors: https://www.mass.gov/ors/sexecutive-office-of-elder-affairs

 Local Elder Service Organization: https://www.mass.gov/ors/sexecutive-office-of-elder-affairs

 Flive-year Ookback period

 Consider meeting with an elder law attorney specializing in MassHealth

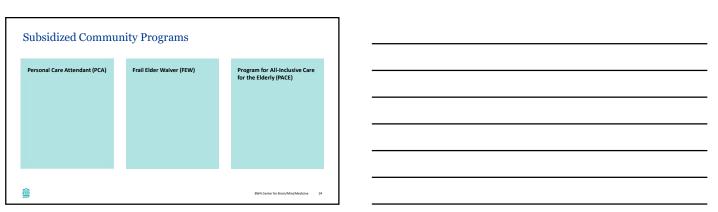
 Gather all your materials, financial statements especially

 Only apply when you are eligible

 Appeal immediately if denied

MassHealth vs. Medicare MassHealth Standard State and Federal Funded Program Income based (for 65+, assets also assessed) Annual review of eligibility Services can include: Hospitalizations and outpatient services Hospice Hospice Pharmacy Person Care Attendants Transportation Adult Day Health & Adult Foster Care Long-term Care Services Medical Supplies Preventative Services Part B: Medical Supplies Preventative Services Part D: Prescription Drug Coverage

Veteran Affairs (VA) Benefits Pension Benefits Eligibility: Served at least 90 days of active duty, with one day during a period of war (did not have to see active duty) Age 65+ or with a permanent disability Income test Note: claims are processed on a first come, first serve bases Care Programs Aid and Attendance Program Housebound Program Long-term Care Benefits Eligibility: Must be enrolled in VA Health Care system Must have a clinical need and service must be available in your location Coverage can include adult day health care, respite care, home health aide To learn more, go here: https://www.va.gov/healthbenefits/apps/explorer



Personal Care Attendant Program (PCA) A MassHealth program that helps people with permanent or chronic disabilities who require

assistance with their activities of daily living in order to live at home. PCA program is a participant-directed program.

Eligibility

- Income and asset test
- Age 65+ or with a permanent disability
 Living in the community
- Require hands-on assistance with two of their seven activities of daily living

- Services Includes
 Bathing, including personal hygiene and
- grooming Toileting
- Dressing
- Eating and Meal Prep/Clean-up Household Tasks
- Medication Administration
- Support with walking or transfers Paperwork
- Range of Motion Exercises Transportation to Medical Appointments

 $\textbf{To learn more, go here:} \underline{\text{https://www.mass.gov/masshealth-personal-care-attendant-pca-program}}$



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Frail Elder Waiver (FEW)

Home and Community-Based waiver for MassHealth-eligible persons who would otherwise need facility-based care.

- Eligibility
 Income and asset test

- Age 60+ or with a permanent disability
 Living in the community
 Must meet "nursing facility level of care"

Services Includes • Companionship

- Personal Care
- **Grocery Shopping** Housekeeping/Chore Worker
- Laundry Adult Day Health Program
- Caregiver Respite

To learn more, go here: https://www.mass.gov/frail-elder-waiver-few



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Program for All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)

Gives access to all services covered by Medicare and MassHealth that are medically necessary for an eligible individual. Provides a wide range of medical, social, recreational, and wellness services to eligible

- Eligibility
 55 and above
 Nursing home level of care needs
 Live in the service area of PACE program
 Medicare/MassHealth
- Option for private pay if not eligible for MassHealth
 Must agree to transitioning medical care to PACE providers (including primary care)

Individualized health care plan Dental, Eyeglasses, Hearing Aids Physical, Occupational, and Speech Therapies Day Center wyactivities and meals Medical equipment and supplies Home Care Nutrition Nutrition

- Pharmacy Mental Health
- Transportation Palliative Care Hospice

Comprehensive Interdisciplinary Team Individualized health care plan

To learn more, go here: https://www.mass.gov/program-of-all-inclusive-care-for-the-elderly-pace

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Part 6: Closing

- Key areas of Future Care Planning:
 Advance Directives & other important documents
 Types of care
- Types of care
 Types of supportive living communities
 Ways to pay for care
 Wherever you are in the process, you are taking the necessary steps today in learning more through this workshop as you take steps to plan for you or your person's future selves.



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For additional learning on future care planning and other important topics related to living well with a neurodegenerative disorder, visit the CBMM Patient, Family and Caregiver Resource Website

cbmm.bwh.harvard.edu

or scan the QR code below



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